

# SIX-PHASE TABLE

	HUMORAL PHASES		MATRIX PHASES		CELLULAR PHASES		
Organ system	Excretion Phases	Inflammation Phases	Deposition Phases	BIOLOGICAL DIVISION	Impregnation Phases	Degeneration Phases	Dedifferentiation Phases
<b>Skin</b>	Episodes of sweating	Acne	Naevi		Allergy	Scleroderma	Melanoma
<b>Nervous system</b>	Difficulty concentrating	Meningitis	Cerebroscerosis		Migraine	Alzheimer's disease	Gliosarcoma
<b>Sensory System</b>	Tears, otorrhea	Conjunctivitis, otitis media	Chalazion, cholesteatoma		Iridocyclitis, tinnitus	Macular degeneration, anosmia	Amaurosis, malignant tumor
<b>Locomotor System</b>	Joint pains	Epicondylitis	Exostosis		Chronic rheumatoid arthritis	Spondylosis	Sarcoma, chondroma
<b>Respiratory Tract</b>	Cough, expectoration	Bronchitis, acute	Silicosis, smoker's lung		Chronic (obstructive) bronchitis	Bronchiectasia, emphysema	Bronchial carcinoma
<b>Cardiovascular System</b>	Functional heart complaint	Endocarditis, pericarditis, myocarditis	Coronary heart disease		Heart failure	Myocardial infarction	Endothelioma
<b>Gastrointestinal System</b>	Heartburn	Gastroenteritis, gastritis	Hyperplastic gastritis		Chronic gastritis, malabsorption	Atrophic gastritis, liver cirrhosis	Stomach cancer, colon cancer
<b>Urogenital System</b>	Polyuria	Urinary tract infection	Bladder stones, kidney stones		Chronic urinary tract infection	Renal atrophy	Cancer
<b>Blood</b>	Reticulocytosis	Leucocytosis, suppuration	Polycythaemia, thrombocytosis		Aggregation disturbance	Anemia, thrombocytopenia	Leukemia
<b>Lymph System</b>	Lymphedema	Lymphangitis, tonsillitis, lymphadenitis	Lymph-node swelling		Insufficiency of the lymph system	Fibrosis	Lymphoma, Hodgkin-/non-Hodgkin-lymphoma
<b>Metabolism</b>	Electrolyte shift	Lipid metabolism disturbance	Gout, obesity		Metabolic syndrome	Diabetes mellitus	Slow reactions
<b>Hormone System</b>	Globus sensation	Thyroiditis	Goitre, adenoma		Hyperthyroidism, glucose intolerance	Menopausal symptoms	Thyroid cancer
<b>Immune System</b>	Susceptibility to infection	Weak immune system, acute infection	Weak reactions		Autoimmune disease, immunodeficiency, chronic infections	AIDS	Slow reactions
	<b>Alteration*</b>	<b>Reaction*</b>	<b>Fixation*</b>	<b>Chronic Forms*</b>	<b>Deficits*</b>	<b>Decoupling*</b>	
<b>Psyche</b>	Functional psychological disturbance, "nervousness"	Reactive depressive syndromes, hyperkinetic syndrome	Psychosomatic manifestation, neuroses, phobias, neurotic depression	Endogenous depression, psychosis, anxiety neurosis, organic psychosyndrome	Schizophrenic defective states, mental deficiency	Mania, catatonia	

The six-phase table is a field matrix reflecting medical experience based on careful observation and empirical learning. It is a phase-by-phase arrangement of disorders with no direct relationship between them. No causal pathogenetic link between disorders can be inferred. The structure of the table makes it suitable for developing a prediction system giving a better assessment of the possibilities for a vicariation effect.

\* Phase nomenclature in psychology.